(b) what is the total demand/requirement of milk in the country;

(c) whether Government have formulated any plan for increasing the milk production in the State of Punjab; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) The anticipated total production of milk in the State of Punjab is about 6.7 million tonnes as against the 66.3 million tonnes in the country during 1995-96.

(b) As per the nutritional requirement of 220 gm/head/day, the total milk requirement in the country during 1995-96 was estimated to be about 73.9 million tonnes.

(c) and (d) Besides State Government programmes, following Central/Centrally Sponsored Schemes are being implemented to enhance the milk production in Punjab:

(1) Extension of Forzen Semen Technology & Progeny Testing programme.

(2) Assistance to States for feed and fodder development.

(3) National project on rinderpest eradication.

(4) Assistance to States for control of animal diseases.

(5) National bull production programme.

(6) Professional efficiency Development.

Visit of interdisciplinary team to Bedgaon village in U.P.

681.SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to refer to the answer to UQ 958 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 8th March, 1996 and state:

(a) whether the proposed visit of the interdisciplinary team to village Bedgaon has taken place;

(b) if so, the findings of the team and the response of the villagers to accept the new farming techniques;

(c) if reply to Part (a) be in negative, the reasons for the delay; and

(d) the action being taken against the officials responsible for the delay?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRICHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) Yes, Sir. The team comprising Deputy Director Agriculture, Pauri and scientists from Rani Chauri Campus of G.B. Pant University of Agriculture and Technology visited Bedgaon Village from July 14, 1996.

(b) It was observed that the farmers there are growing traditional crops like Sawan, Mandua, Urd, Maize in Kharif and Wheat, Barley, Lentil in Rabi under rainfed condition. The team suggested new fanning techniques and cropping pattern for the development of the area including its suitability for Walnut and citrus plantation.

(c) and (d) Question does not arise.

Coarse Cereal Productivity

682. SHRI KRISHNA KUMAR BIRLA : Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state :

(a) what is the percentage of rise/fall in the coarse cereal productivity in the country during the last three years (year-wise) and the reasons for decline, if any, in the production;

(b) What is the percentage of decline, if any, in the area under coarse cereals production during the last three years (year-wise) and the reasons for decline in the areas;

(c) the manner in which coarse cereal productivity in the country compares with the developing country standards; and

(d) what programmes has been formulated by Government to raise the coarse cereal productivity in the country?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) and (b) Percentage increase/decrease in the area, production and yield under coarse cereals during die last three years is as followed :

Year	Area (million hectare)	Production (million tonnes)	Yield (Kg./ hectare)
1993-94	32.81	30.81	939
	(-4.7)	(-15.8)	(-9.7)
1994-95	32.50	30.35	934
	(-0.9)	(-1.5)	(-0.5)
1995-96	31.74	30.43	959
(Prov.)	(-2.3)	(+0.3)	(+2.7)

Figures in brackets indicate the percentage increase (+)/decrease (-) over the previous year.

Decline in area under coarse cereals is observed as a long-term trend because of shift in cropping pattern due to extension of irrigation facilities and also to oilseeds crops under rainfed conditions as these are more remunerative as compared to coarse cereals. There is no declining trend as such in yield of coarse cereals as rate of growth of productivity of coarse cereals during the period 1980-81 to 1994-95 was observed at 2.31 per cent per annum. However, there was some down-ward fluctuations during the years 1993-94 and 1994-95 because of adverse rainfall and weather conditions. The yield per hectare of coarse cereals again showed an upward trend during 1995-96.

(c) The productivity of coarse cereals in India as compared with some of the developing countries during 1994 is as follows:-

Country	*Yield (Kgs./Hectare)*
Afghanistan	1316
Bangladesh	
India	1016
Indonesia	2177
Iraq	841
Iran	1541
Malaysia	1905
Pakistan	977
Phillipines	1722
Sri Lanka	973
Sudan	471
Tanzania	1085
Algeria	702
Nigeria	1055
Guyana	1174

(d) In order to increase the production and productivity, a centrally sponsored scheme on Integrated Cereals Development Programme in Coarse Cereals Based Cropping System Area (ICDP-Coarse Cereals) is being implemented in 830 identified blocks in the States of Gujarat. Kamataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra and Sikkim.

बालवाडियो और नारीनिकेतनों की लेखा परीक्षा

683. **श्री अजीत जोगी:**
श्री एस॰एस॰सुरजेवाला:

क्या मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) देश में बालवाडियों और नारीनिकेतनों की राज्य-वार संख्या क्या है;

(ख) इनमें से कितनो का रख-रखाव सरकारी और कितनों का रख-रखाव निजी एजेंसियों द्वारा किया जाता है;

(ग) गत एक वर्ष के दौरान उन पर राज्यवार कितनी धनराशि खर्च हुई और क्या ऐसे व्यय की लेखा परीक्षा की गई;

(घ) यदि हां, तो क्या सरकार को उपर्युक्त संस्थाओं में निधियों के दुरूपयोग की कोई सूचना प्राप्त हुई है;

(ड.) यदि हां, तो तत्संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है;

(च) क्या चालू वर्ष के दौरान ऐसी और बालवाडियां और नारीनिकेतन खोलने का कोई प्रस्ताव है; और

(छ) यदि हां, तो उसका राज्य-वार ब्यौरा क्या है?

मानव संसाधन विकास मंत्री (श्री एस॰आर॰ बोम्मई): (क) से (छ) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सदन के पटल पर प्रस्तुत कर दी जायेगी।

Intensive Oilseed Production Programme in Madhya- Pradesh

684. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government are implementing a centrally sponsored scheme of Intensive Oilseed Prodution Programme in the State of Madhya Pradesh;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof, district-wise;

(c) what incentives are being given to the farmers of the State under the programme; and

(d) what results have since been achieved under the programme in the State?

(e) THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI CHATURANAN MISHRA): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. A Centrally Sponsored Oilseed, Production Programme (OPP) is in operation in 45 selected districts of the State of Madhya